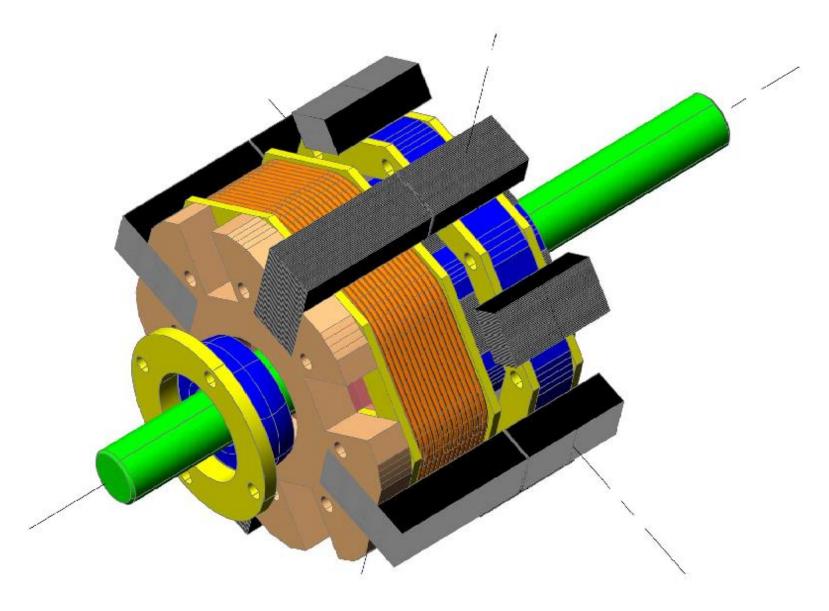
# **Eolyc's Wind Generator**

3 phase Axial Flux Ironless Generator with NdFeB Permanent Magnets R&D Process and Chronology

## Startup with advanced ideas

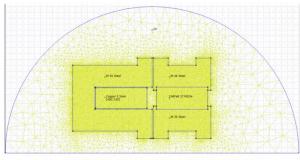
• Concentrating multiphase transverse flux topology with permanent magnet excitation



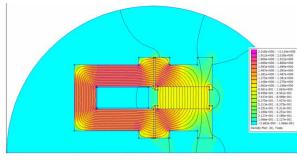
# Concentrating transverse flux topology

#### Simulation results for elementary generator

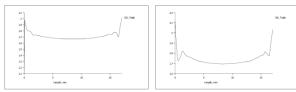
PM Axial Flux Concentrating Direct Drive Wind Generator



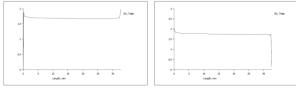
Planar model prepared in FEMM with geometry imported from AutoCAD .dxf file



2D Magneto-static analysis result solved by Finite Element Method Magnetic package

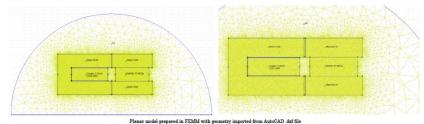


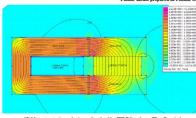
Flux Density along rotor's direction with maximal flux values

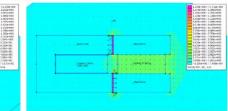


Flux Density along stator's direction with maximal flux values

#### PM Axial Flux Concentrating Direct Drive Wind Generator

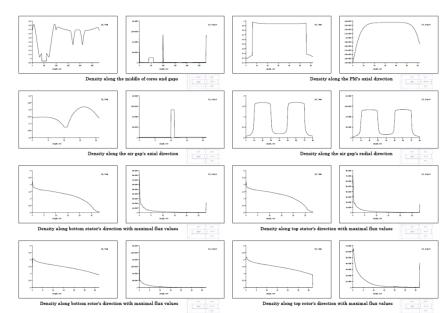






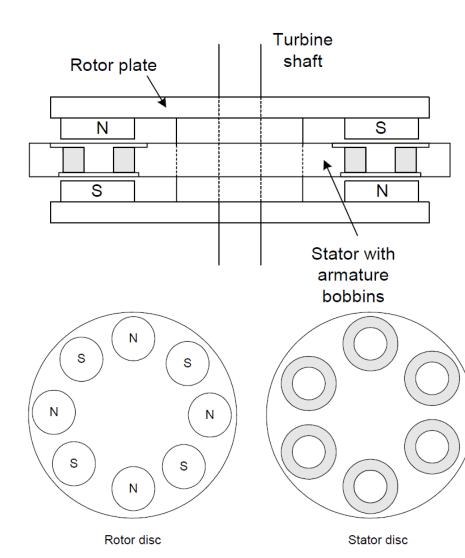
2D Magneto-static analysis result solved by FEMM package (Flux Density)

2D Magneto-static analysis result solved by FEMM package (Field Intensity)



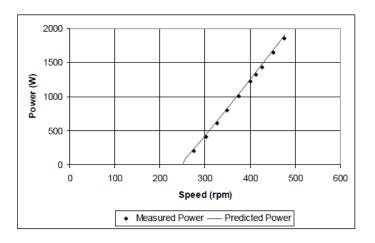
# Following traditional ideas

• Multiphase Axial Flux Ironless Generator with permanent magnet excitation

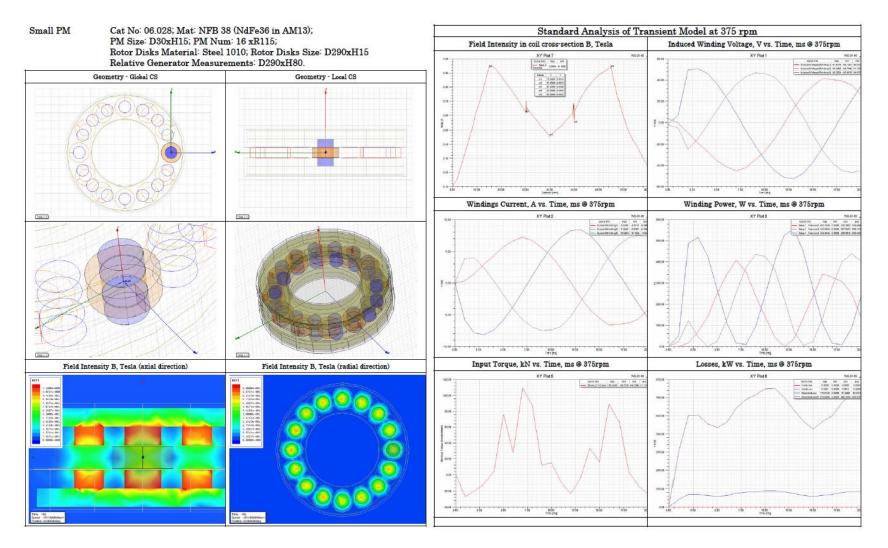


		1kW	2.5kW
Rated power	W	1000	2500
Rated speed	rpm	300	250
Rated frequency	Hz	40	33.3
Rated EMF (per coil)	V	33.6	205
Number of phases		3	3
Number of pole pairs		8	8
Number of armature coils		12	12
Generator diameter	mm	462	590
Generator length	mm	55	60

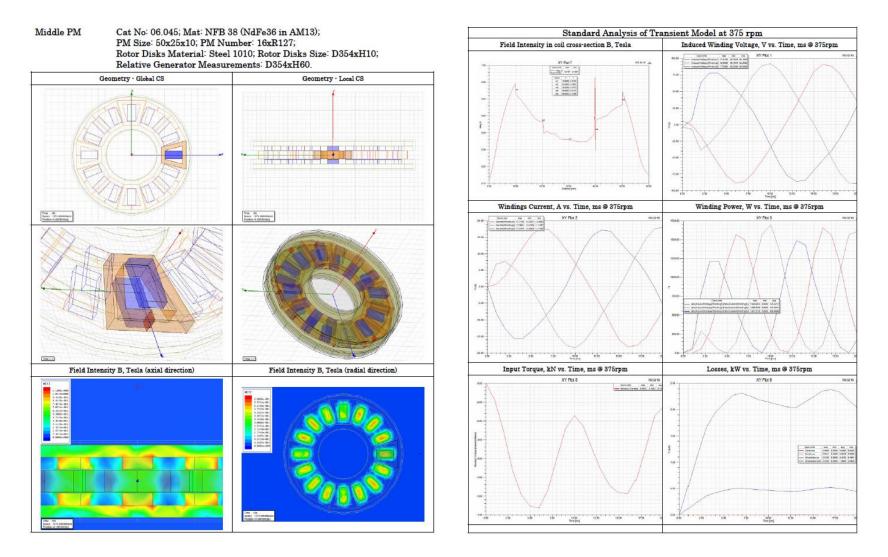
	11	«W	2.5 kW		
	Measured	Predicted	Measured	Predicted	
Coil inductance (mH)	4.67	4.59	67	81	
Coil resistance (ohms)	1.02	0.97	12.9	11.1	
V/100rpm/coil	11.03	11.2	86.0	82.1	



#### • 3D Simulation results – small cylinder magnets poles



• 3D Simulation results – medium parallelepiped magnet poles



#### • 3D Simulation results – big parallelepiped magnet poles

#### Simulation case Model-06/Project-01-02-12-sq

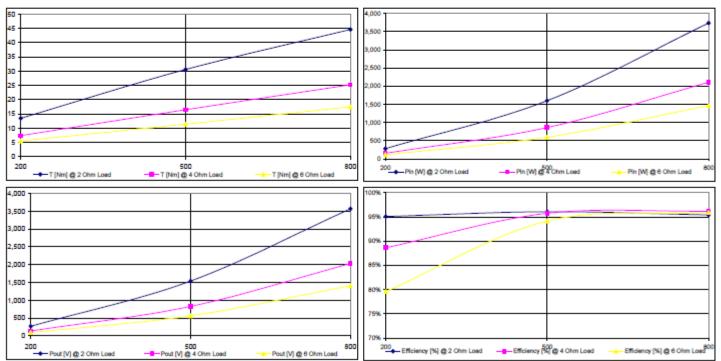
Axial Flux Ironless Generator with 12 Poles and 9 Coils connected in 3 Phase Scheme; NdFeB PM Cat. No 06.013: 24 x Size A2 x B1 x C0.5 in, Mat. NFB 38; Rotor Disk: 2 x Size D374 x d170 x H6.35 mm, Mat. Steel 1010; Coils: 9 pcs., Internal Size as PM, Rectangular Shape, Cross-section 18x18mm, 72 turns, D2.0 mm;

Almost all dimensions are the same or close to once in article from Garrison F. Price at all.









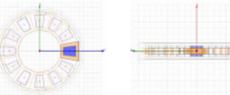
#### 3D Simulation results – medium wedge magnet poles •

#### Simulation case Model-07/Project-01-01-12

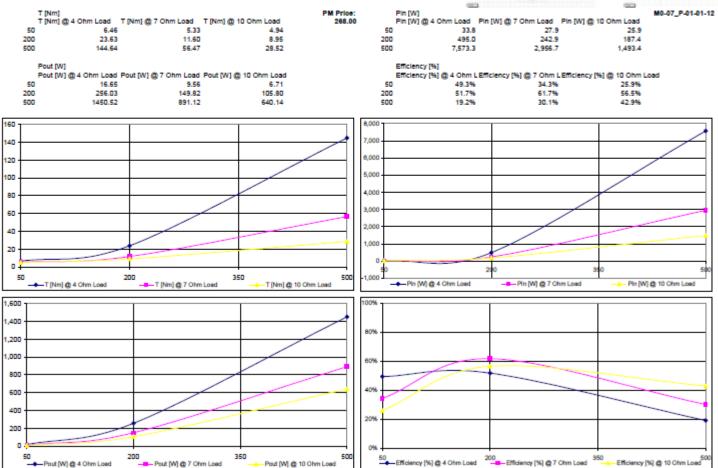
-----Pout [W] @ 4 Ohm Load

- Pout [W] @ 7 Ohm Load

Axial Flux Ironless Generator with 12 Poles and 9 Coils connected in 3 Phase Scheme; NdFeB PM: 24 x Wedge N42 55\*44\*30\*8 (http://www.solbergavind.se/); Rotor Disk: 2 x Size D357 x d191 x H8 mm, Mat. Steel 1010; Coils: 9 pcs., Internal Size as PM, Trapezoidal Shape, Cross-section 12x18mm, 72 turns, D2.0 mm.



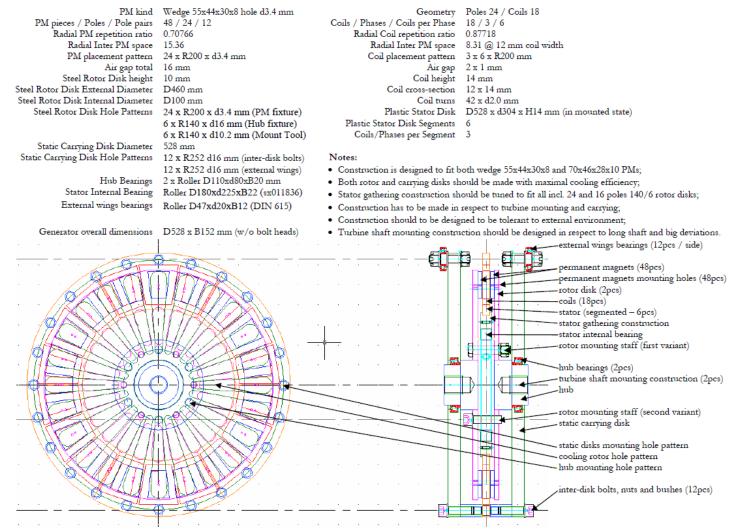
Efficiency [%] @ 10 Ohm Load



Pout [W] @ 10 Ohm Load

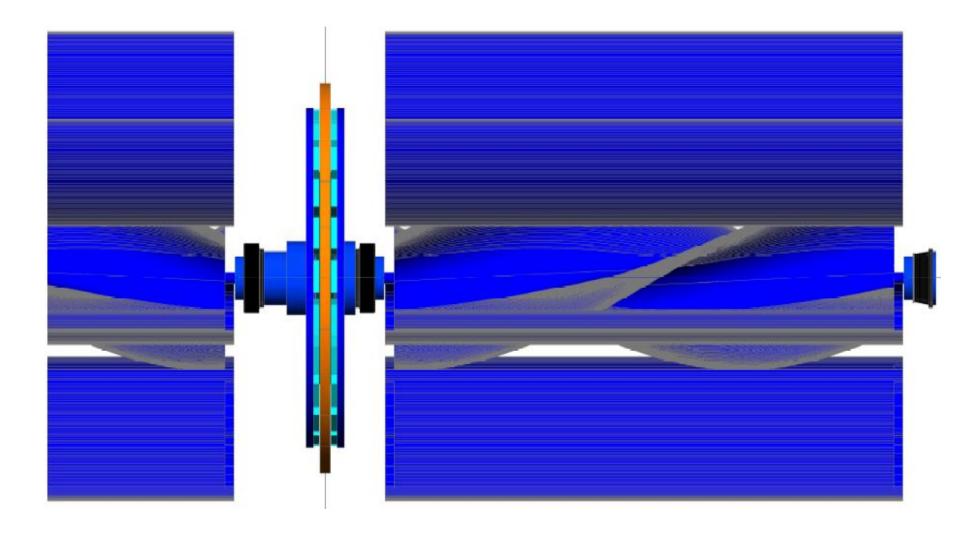
#### After simulation design summary – based on medium wedge magnet poles

#### Axial Flux Ironless (AFIL) Generator parameters and construction

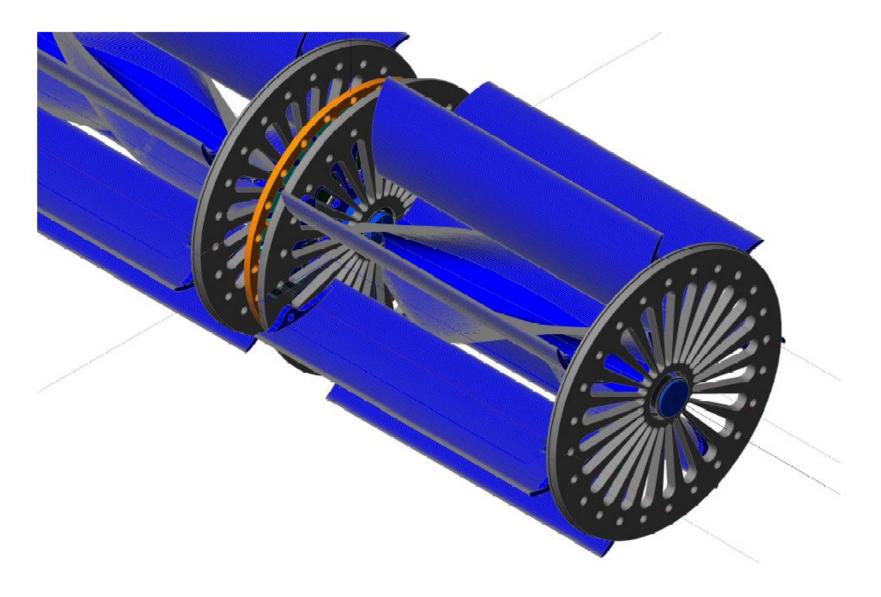


Axial Flux Ironless Wind Generator: Simulation, Performance Assessment, Parameters and Construction

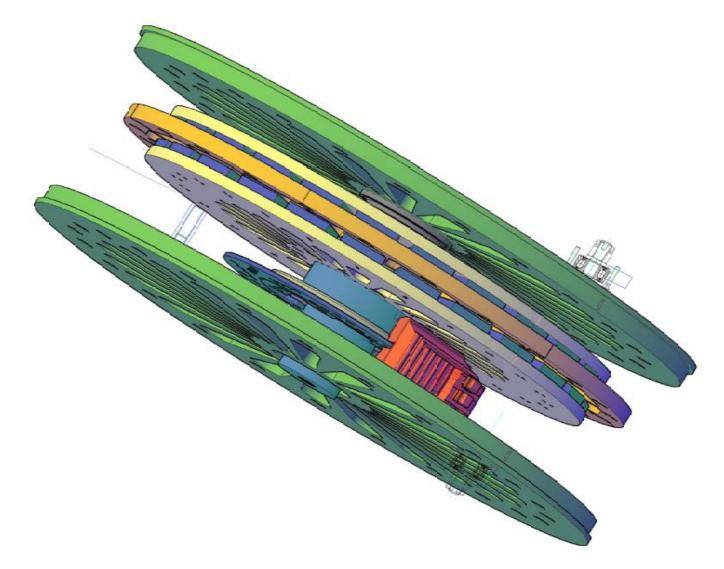
• 3D model of wind turbine, generator rotor and stator – first revision



• 3D model of wind turbine, generator rotor and stator – first revision



• 3D model of wind turbine, generator rotor and stator – first revision



• NdFeB Permanent Magnets – supplier selection and delivery

Dailymag Magnetic Technology (Ningbo) Limited is a Chinese leading manufacturer and exporter of permanent magnets etc.

Wind Generator NdFeB Magnets 22.5 degree 8 inch OD x 4 inch ID x 0.5 inch thick Wedge Segment Shape, Grade N35~N52 Nickel-Copper-Nickel triple layer coated



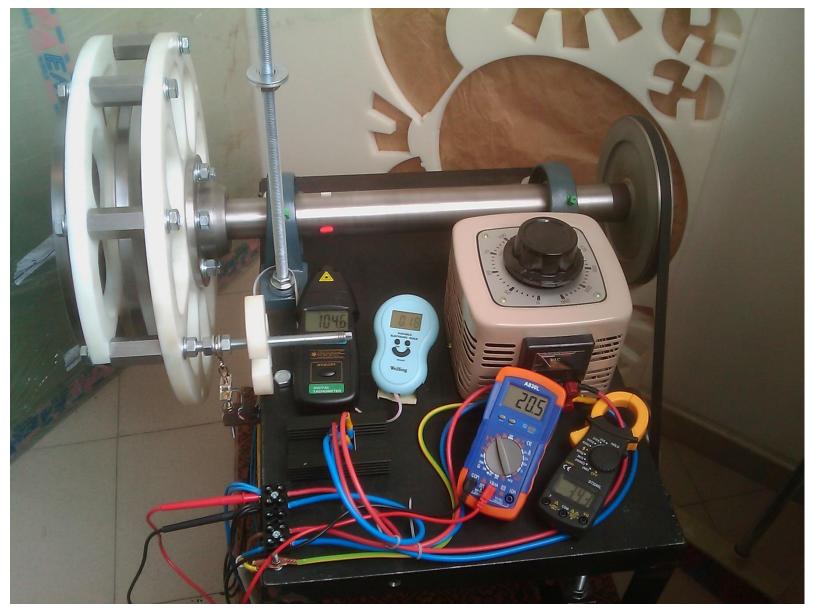




• The rotor disk



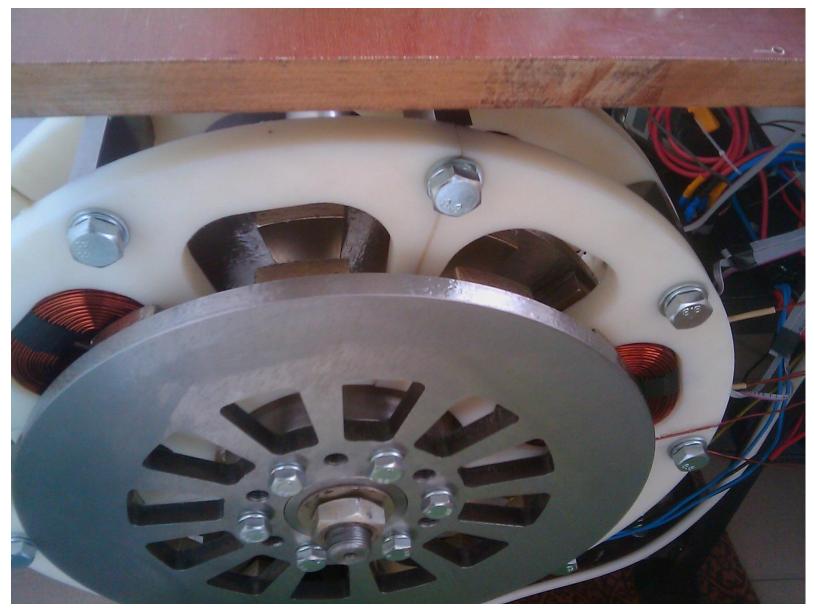
• The startup staff



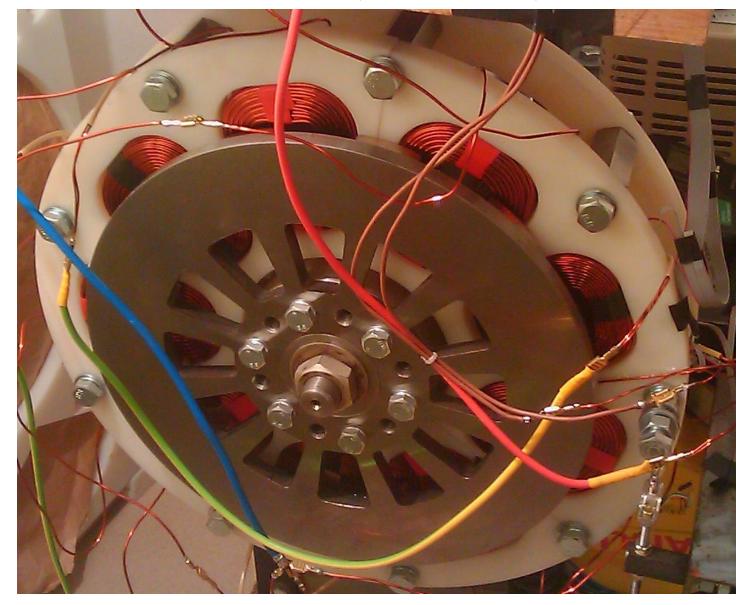
• The stator segment



• The first assembling together



• Generator mounted on the test bed – (both first revision)



### **Test Bed Implementation**

• Test bed – first revision

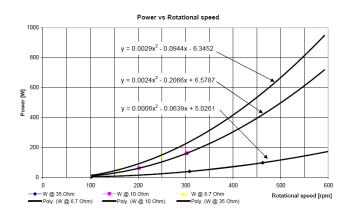


### **Generator Testing**

• Generator mounted on the test bed – energy production

First Light

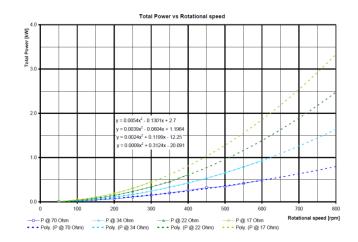
#### First measured 100ths of Watts



#### **First Watts**

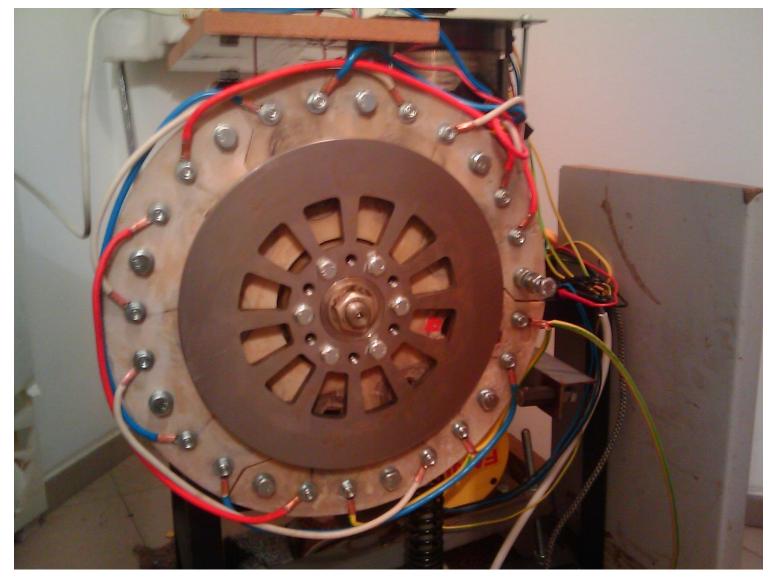


#### First measured 1000 Watts



#### **Generator Improvements**

• Wind Generator – first revision with modified stator (molding technology)



### **Generator and Turbine**

• First assembling of the generator and the turbine







#### **Generator and Turbine**

• Rotational test of the generator and the turbine



## Generator, Turbine and Wings

• The generator, the turbine and the wings



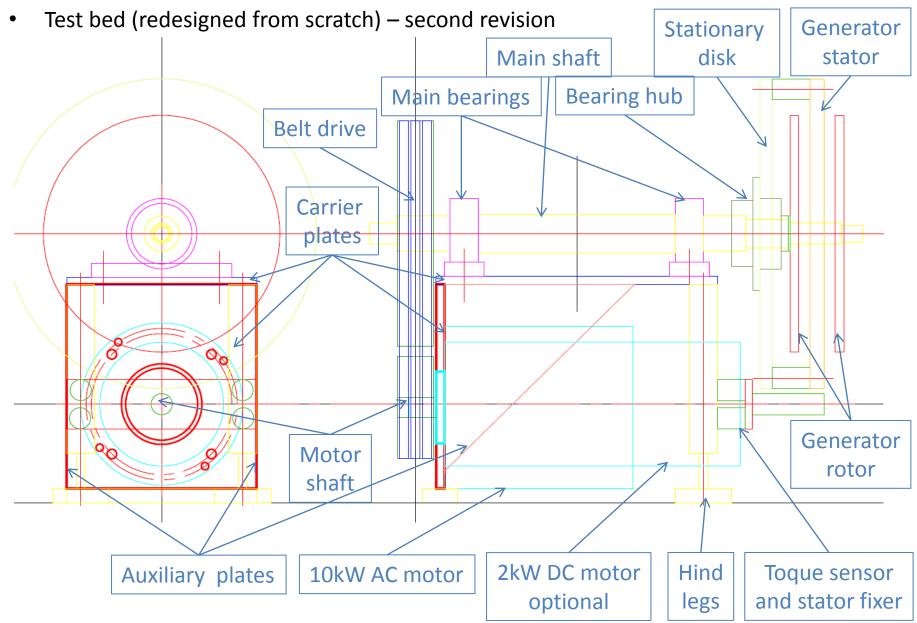






### The field test suite (Belmeken)





## **Mechanical System Improvement**

• Test bed – belt drive is using V-Belts pulleys for taper bushes by Bea Ing. S.P.A.



PULEGGE A GOLE TRAPEZOIDALI PER BUSSOLA CONICA V-BELTS PULLEYS FOR TAPER BUSHES

#### Descrizione e caratteristiche - Description and features

Le pulegge per cinghie trapezoidali sono costruite secondo le specifiche ISO 4183 / DIN 2211 Our V-bet puleys are manufactured according to International Standard ISO 4183 / DIN 2211

Materiale - Material

έÐ.

Ghisa EN-GJL-200 (G20 - UNI 5007) Cast iron EN-GJL-200 (G20 - UNI 5007)

Trattamento e Bilanciatura Protective treatment and Balancing

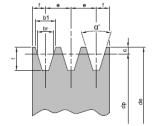
Tutte le pulegge standard sono protette con un trattamento superficiale di FOSFATAZIONE e BILANCIATE STATICAMENTE per essere idonee ad un funzionamento fino alla velocità periferica di 35 m/sec.

The surface of all our standard pulleys is protected by phosphated treatment. All the pulleys are Statically Balanced and can be used for peripheric speed up to 35 m/sec

Calcolo della velocità periferica (Vp) Periferic speed table (Vp)

 $Vp = \frac{\pi \cdot dp \cdot n}{60 \cdot 1000} = \frac{dp \cdot n}{19100} = m/sec$ 

dp = diametro in mm - diameter/mm n = giri al minuto - revolutions per minute Vp = velocità in m/sec - speed



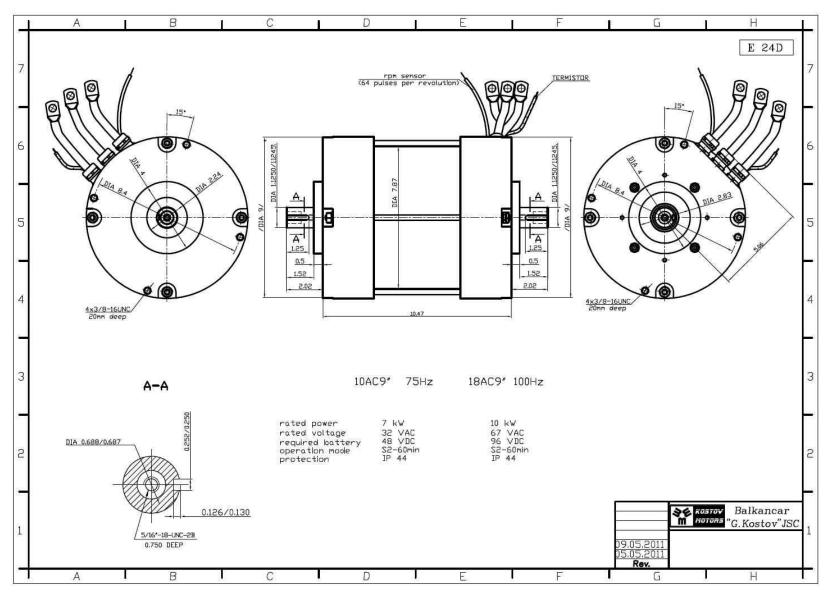
Dimensioni puleggia Dimension of Pulleys									
codice	dp mm	α gradi	b1 mm	br mm	e mm	f mm	c mm	t mm	
SPZ (mm)	< 80 > 80	34° 38°	9,7	8,5	12	8	2	11	
SPA (mm)	< 118 > 118	34° 38°	12,7	11	15	10	2,8	13,8	
SPB (mm)	< 190 > 190	34° 38°	16,3	14	19	12,5	3,5	17,5	
SPC (mm)	< 315 > 315	34° 38°	22,0	19	25,5	17	4,8	23,8	

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### **Electrical System Improvement**

• Test bed with Kostov's AC Motor and Curtis' Controller



## **Electrical System Improvement**

Test bed with Kostov's AC Motor and Curtis' Controller

#### **ON-ROAD AC INDUCTION MOTOR CONTROLLER**



CURTIS

#### MODEL 1238R



#### DESCRIPTION

The Curtis Model 12398 provides energy efficient control of AC induction motors performing on-vehicle traction drive duties. It offers vehicle developers a highly cost-effective combination of power, performance and functionality.

#### APPLICATION

Designed for use as a traction controller for on-road electric and hybrid passenger vehicles using 72–96V system voltages, and other similar applications with low or medium duty cycles.

Patents Pending

#### www.curtisinstruments.com

#### Only Curtis AC can offer:

- Curtis VCL—Vehicle Control Language is an easy to use programming language that allows vehicle developes to write powerful logic functions and create a 'virtual system controller'. Curtis offers customers VCL development tools and training. Curtis also provides a VCL service where Curtis engineers will work with the OEM to create any custom VCL code required.
- Indirect Field Orientation (IFO) vector control algorithm generates the maximum possible torque and efficiency across the entire speed range. Advanced Curtis IFO vector control provides superb drive 'feel', improved speed regulation and increased gradeability.
- Curtis Auto-Tune function enables quick and easy characterization of the AC motor without having to remove it from the vehicle. Curtis AC controllers are fully compatible with any brand of AC motor.
- Dual-Drive functionality is standard, allowing correct control of applications featuring twin traction motors. This function ensures smooth and sofe operation, minimal tire wear and correct load sharing between the traction motors at all times.
- Configurable CANbus connection allows communication with other CANbus enabled devices. Model 1238R is CANopen compatible and can be further customized and configured using VCL.
- Integrated System Controller More than just a motor controller, it is also powerful system controller. It features a comprehensive allocation of multi-function I/O pins for use as analog inputs, digital inputs, contactor coil drivers and proportional valve drivers. In addition to this local I/O, this controller can use VCL to map and configure the remote I/O available on other CANbus devices, send messages to CAN displays and thus control and monitor the entire system.

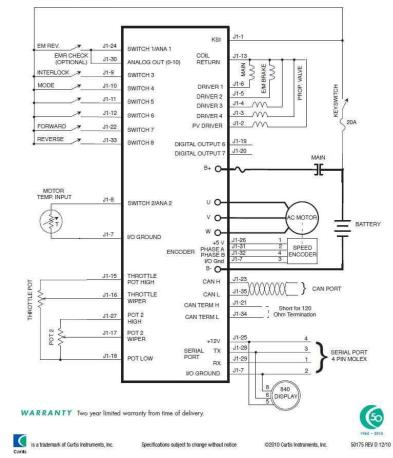
#### FEATURES

#### Advanced functionality, compact power

- High frequency, silent operation across the 0-300Hz stator frequency range.
- Two models of 1238R are available, offering outputs of 550A or 050A for a 72-96V nominal system voltage. This is a 72-96V nominal system voltage. This is a true 2 minute RMS rating, not a shart duration 'boost' rating.

#### MODEL 1238R

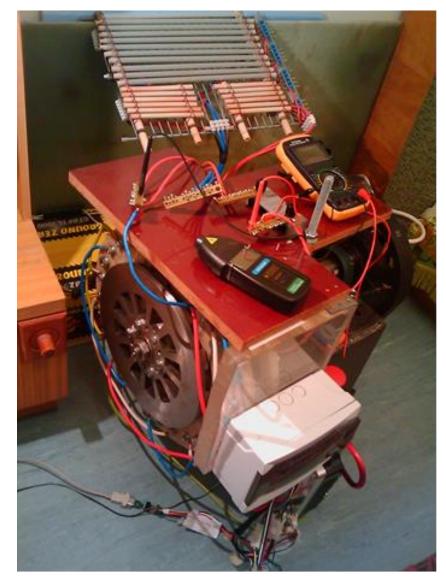
#### TYPICAL WIRING



• Test bed (redesigned from scratch) – second revision

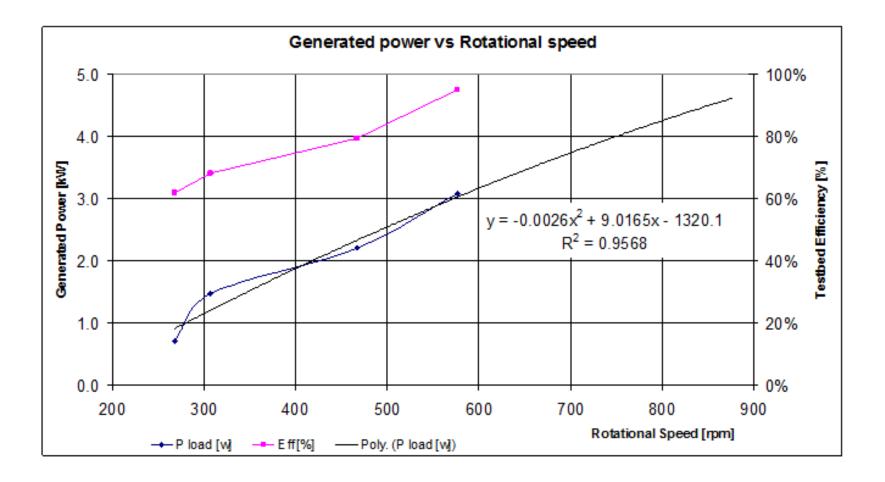




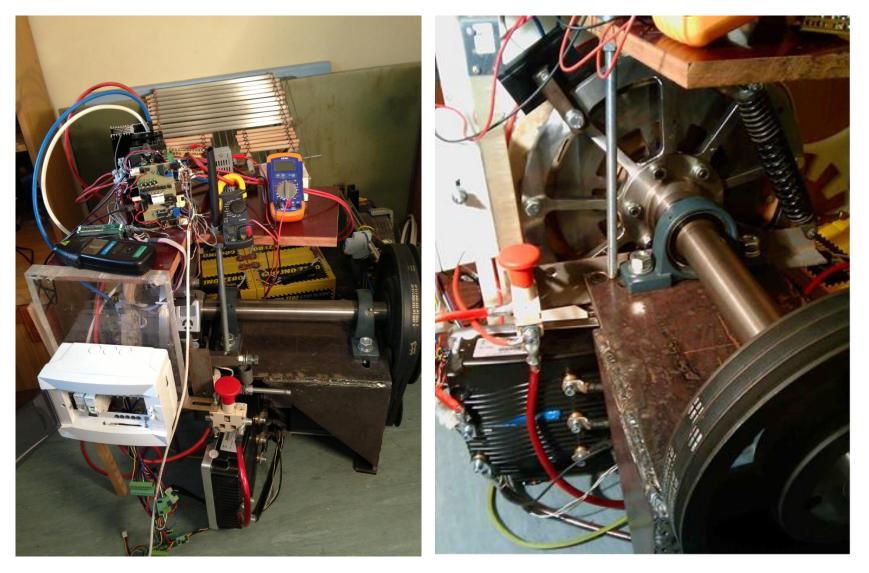


#### **Generator Testing**

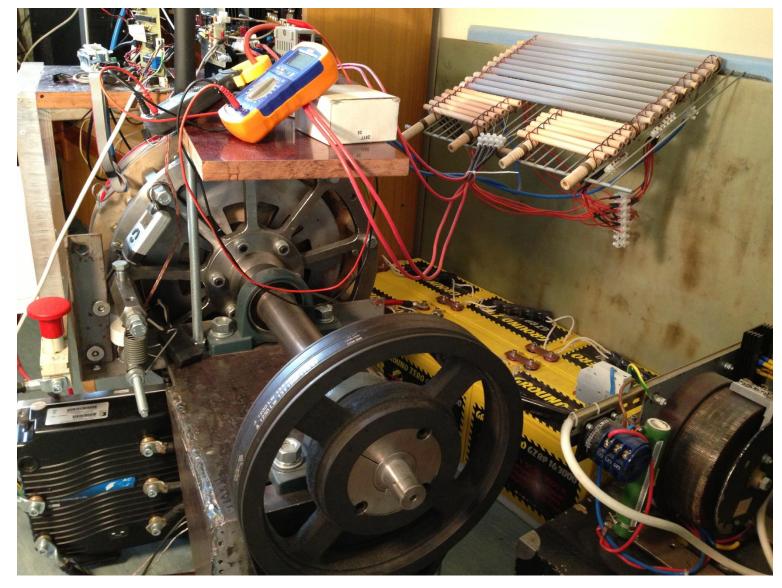
• Generator mounted on the second revision test bed – energy production



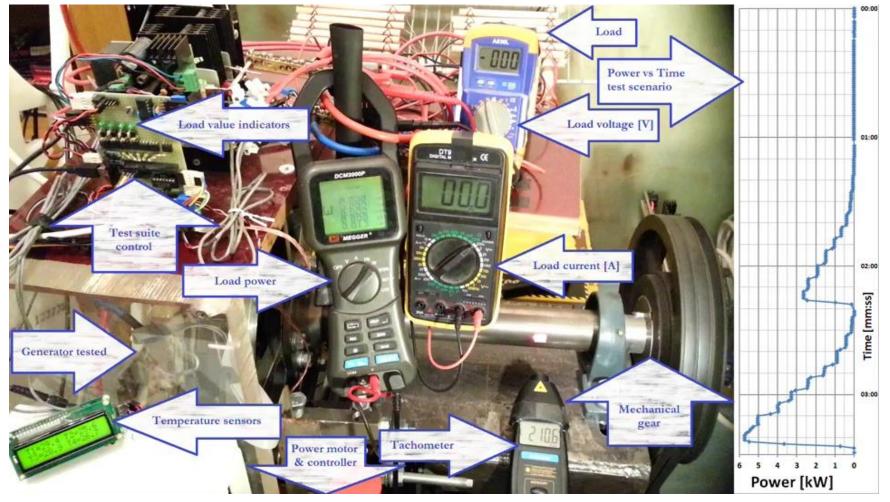
• Test bed – modified second revision



• Test bed – modified second revision



Test bed – modified second revision (complete staff)

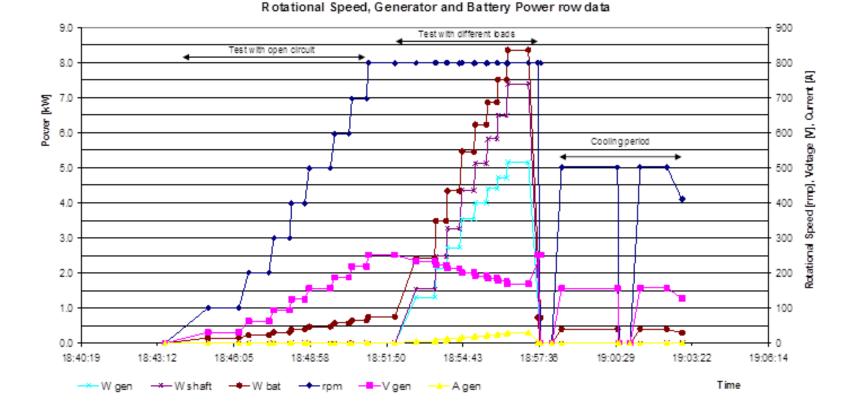


## **Generator Testing**

#### • Generator mounted on the second revision test bed – energy production

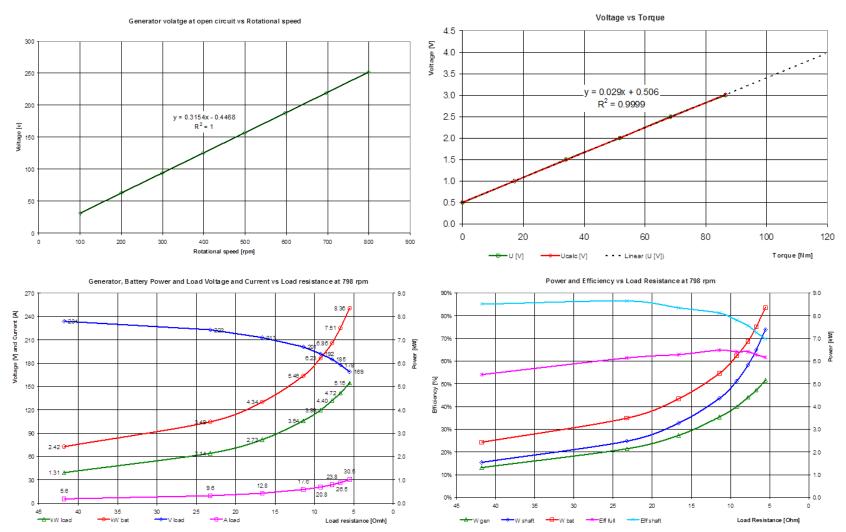
#### Tests after mounting torque and temperature sensors

- Short time max power measured on 18 March 5150 W (30.5A x 169V) @ 798 rpm and 5.5 Ohm load;
- Long time max power measured on 17 March 4860 W (28.5A x 171.1V) @ 806 rpm and 6.2 Ohm load;
- Short time max power measured on 14 March 4200 W (26.1A x 161.4V) @ 725 rpm and 6.2 Ohm load;
- Long term max power measured on 12 March 3300 W (21.6A x 152.5V) @ 650 rpm and 7.1 Ohm load;
- More power output at rpm above 800 and load current above 30 A can be reached with better mechanical balancing and stator cooling.



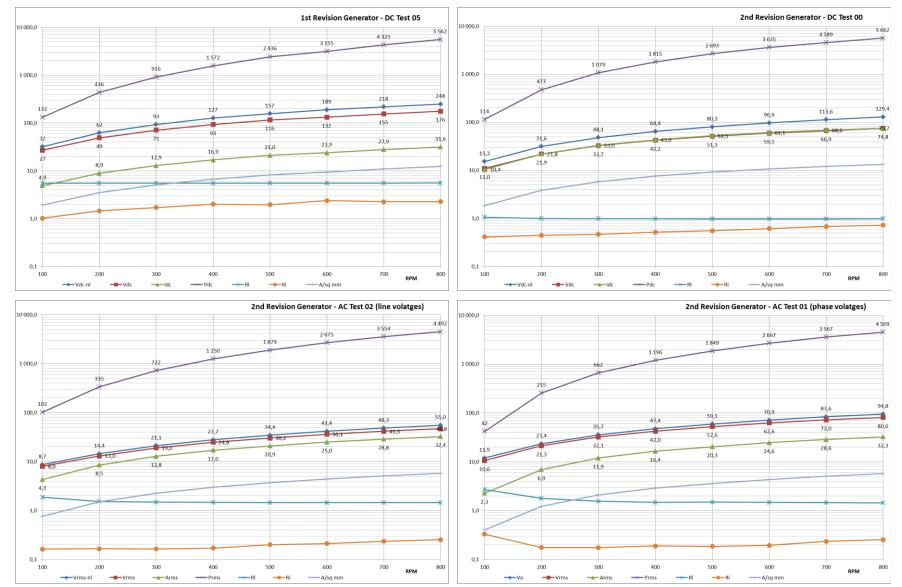
#### **Generator Testing**

• Generator mounted on the second revision test bed – measured power up to 5 kW



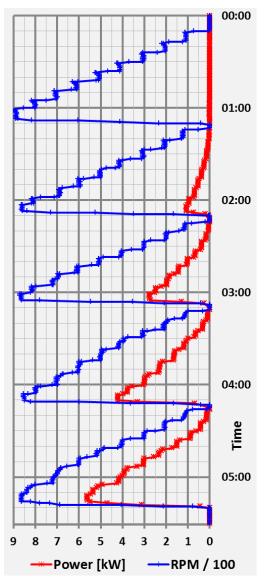
### **Generator Testing**

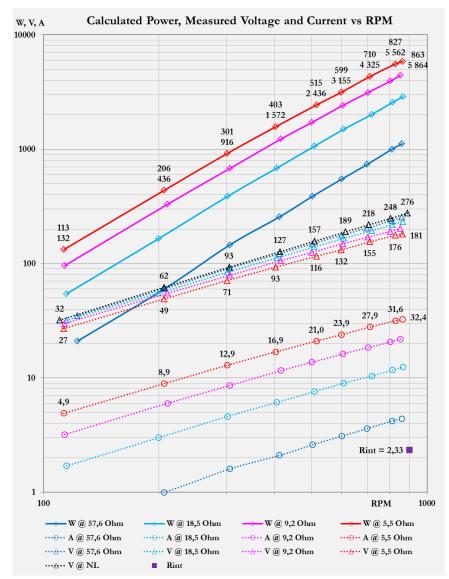
• Generator mounted on the second revision test bed (AC/DC Load comparison)



### **Generator Testing**

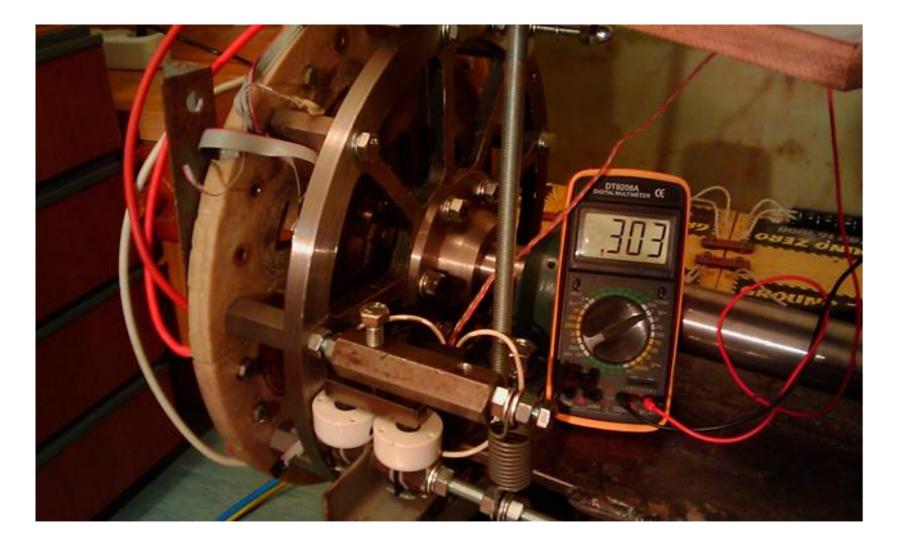
• Generator mounted on the second revision test bed (long test)





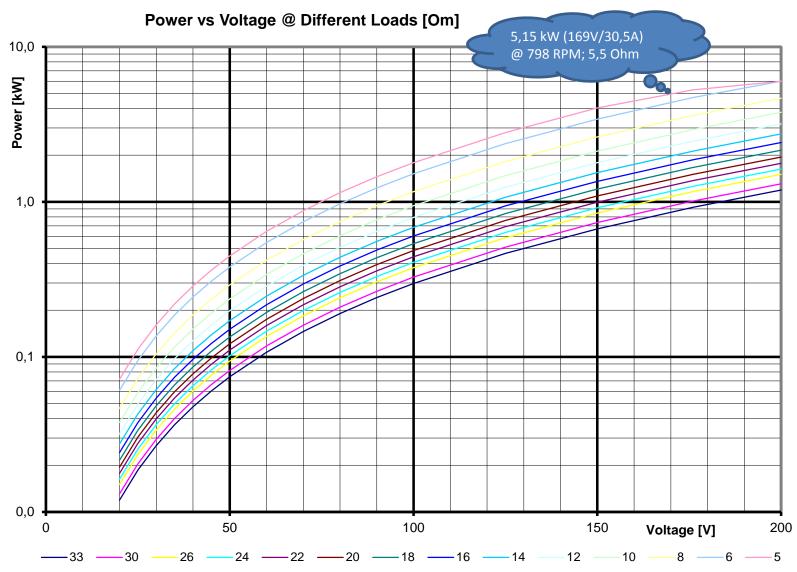
## **Test Bed Improvements**

• Test bed – modified second revision with torque and temperature sensors



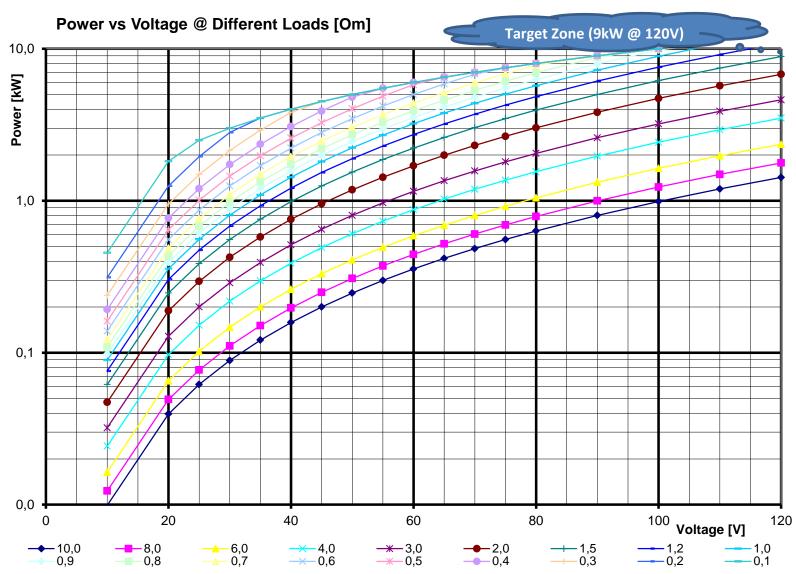
#### Next Generator Improvements

#### • Current Stator Base – wire size: D1.8 mm, 2.54 mm<sup>2</sup>; coil: 120 windings



## Stator Redesign (Coil)

• Next Stator Base – wire size: 1.8 x 3.15 mm, 5.67 mm<sup>2</sup>; coil: 60 windings



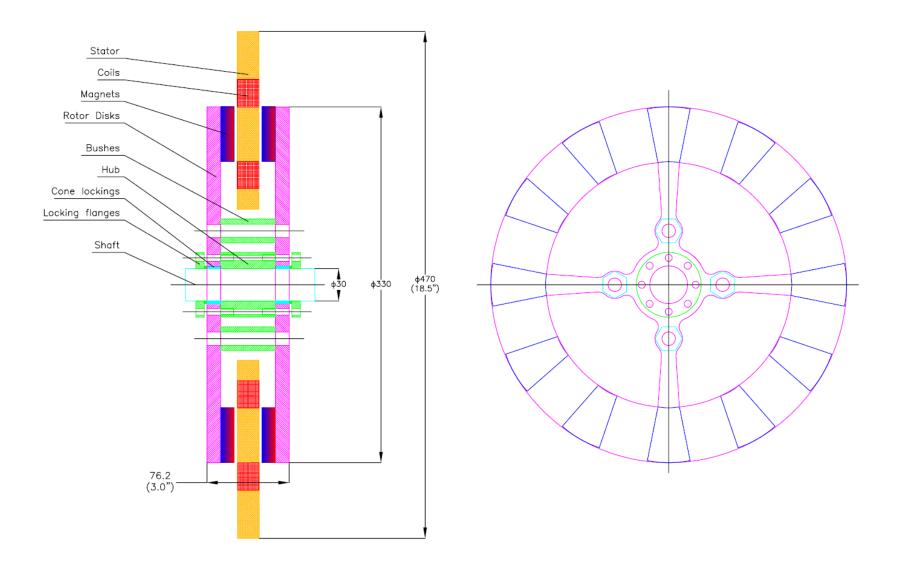
## Stator Redesign (Coil)

#### • Production of the new coils



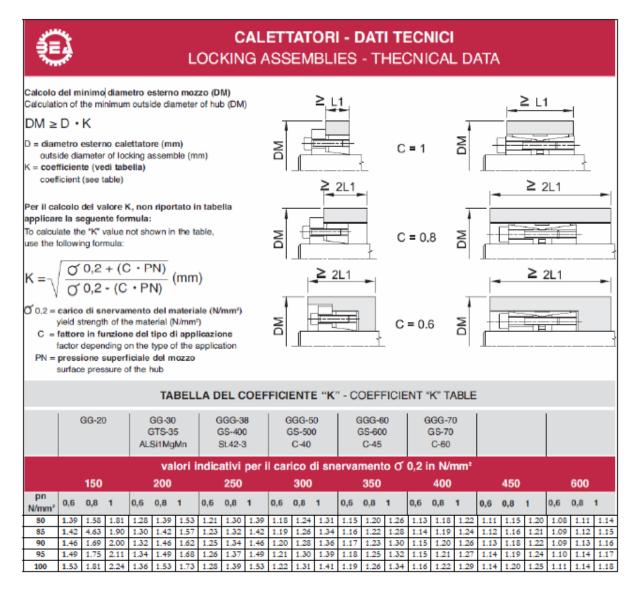
#### **Generator Redesign**

• Rotor design with light hub and centered cone bushes and plotted stator



#### **Generator Redesign**

#### • Modified to use centered cone bushes by Bea Ing. S.P.A. for mounting to the shaft



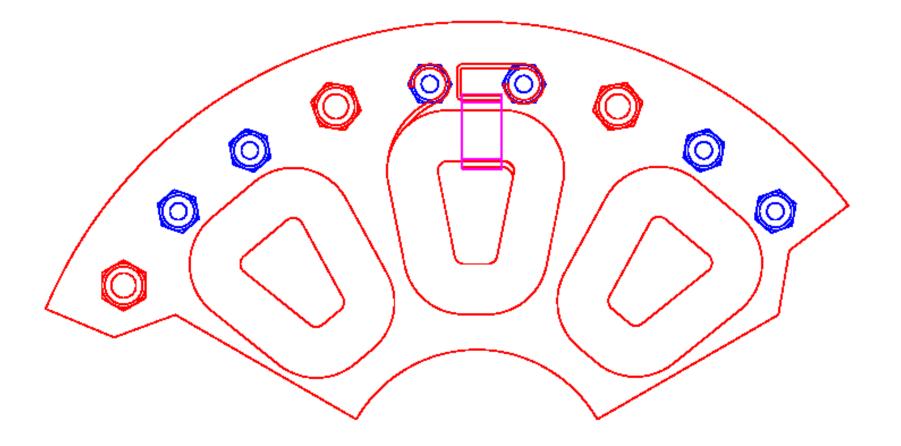
## Stator Redesign (Segment)

• Stator template for molding technology



### Stator Redesign (Segment)

• New stator geometry for plotting technology



## Stator Redesign (All segments)

• New stator after plotting and ready for coil mounting







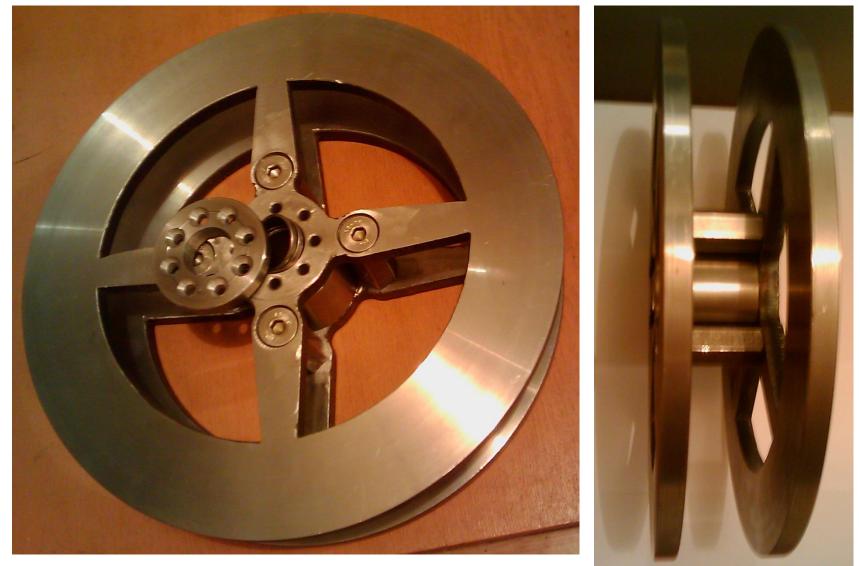
## Stator Redesign (Complete staff)

• New stator produced by plotting technology and Cu plate wires



## Rotor Redesign (Assembled)

• Assembled rotor with light hub, spacers and centered cone bushes



## Rotor Redesign (Painted)

• Assembled and painted rotor, stator carrier disk both mounted on the field







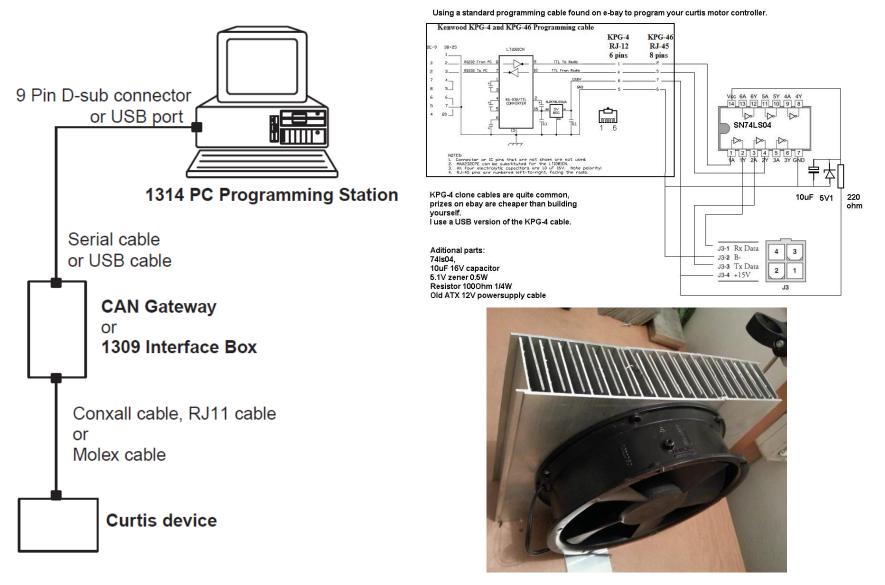


### The field test suite (Shabla)

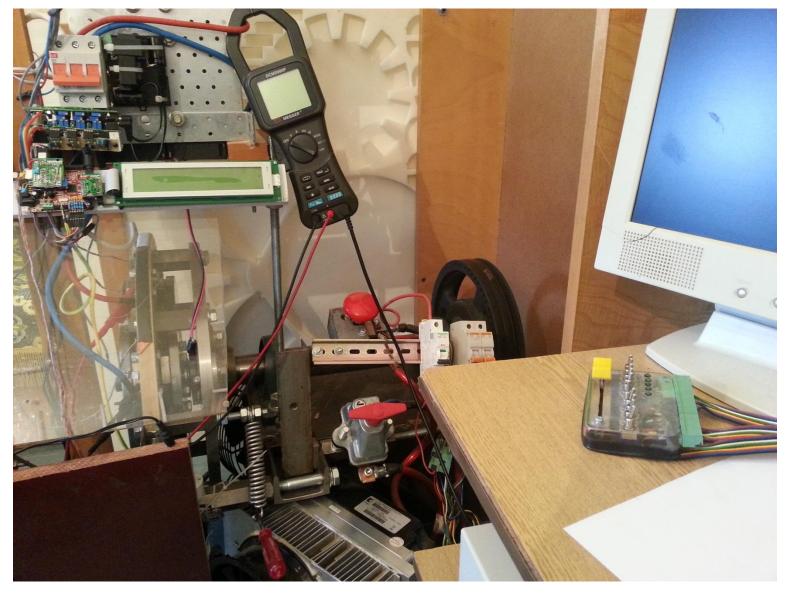




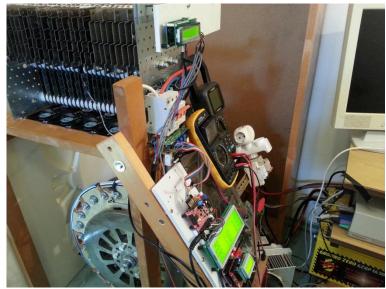
• Test bed – rev. 3 with PC Station interconnection and Cooler for Curtis' Controller







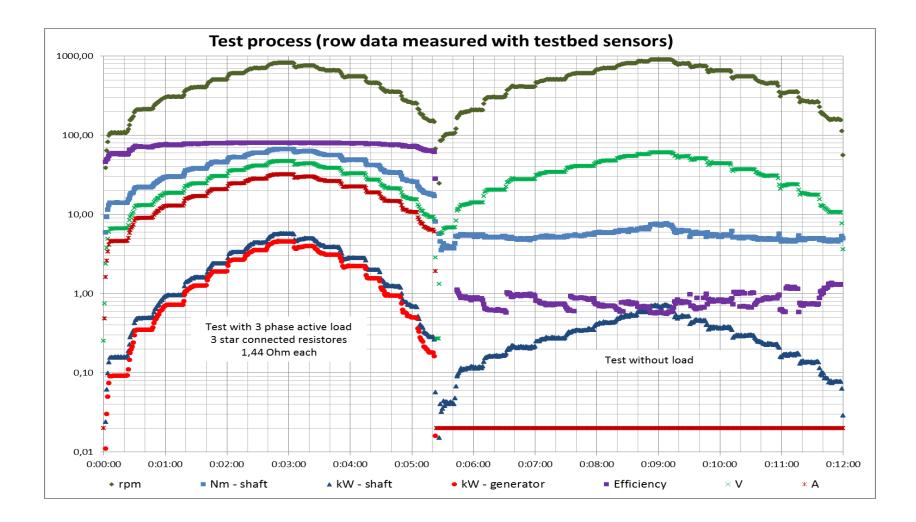


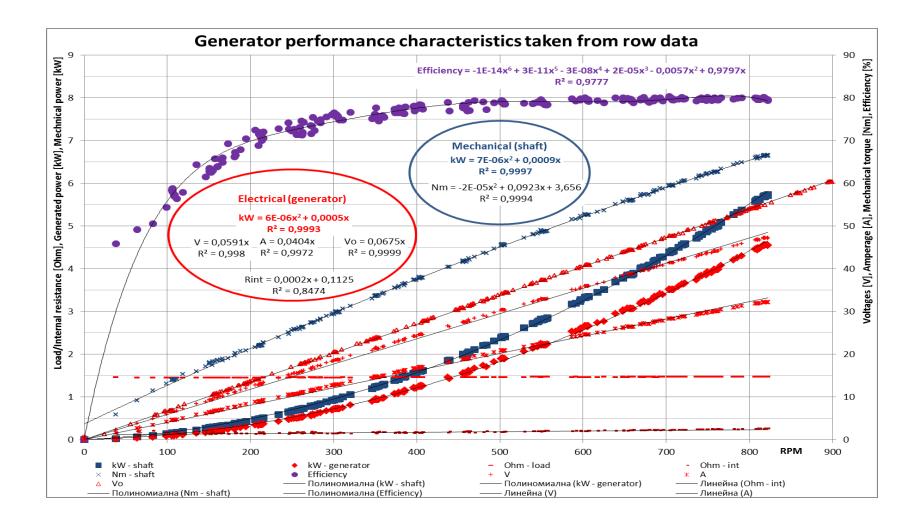


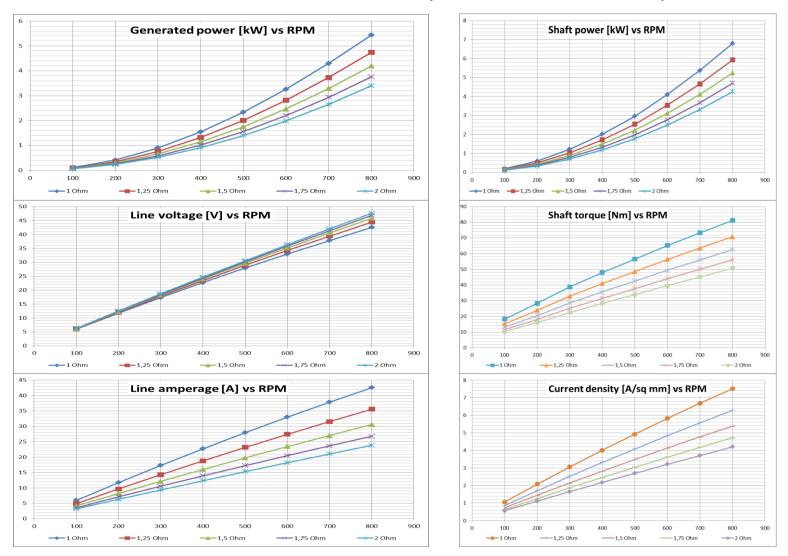












• Generator 2-nd rev., Test bed 3-rd rev., 3-phase load and data acquisition 2-nd rev.

